

"Team Based Care and
Regulation for the Attainment of
Universal Health Care":
Patient safety

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What is the problem

- Magnitude is big. In top ten of cause of death.
- Patient safety, Known but neglected
- Quality of care is a relatively new field with limited studies and data, unlike in other industries.
- Evidence based medicine is a relatively new field
- Health profession revered and protected by doctor –patient relationship. Patients are not part of the solution
- Disconnect between the doctor and other health workers. And the public.
- Unsafe practices unreported and not investigated (maternal death Audit)
- Health systems are complex and prone to errors
- Technology is changing the face of health care (AI)



Patient safety - defined

- Patient safety is an attribute of quality of health care . Its goal is avoidance, prevention and minimizing adverse outcomes or injuries arising from the process of care
- Can result from underuse, overuse or misuse
- Adverse outcomes include harm, injury(Physical and psychological),maim and death



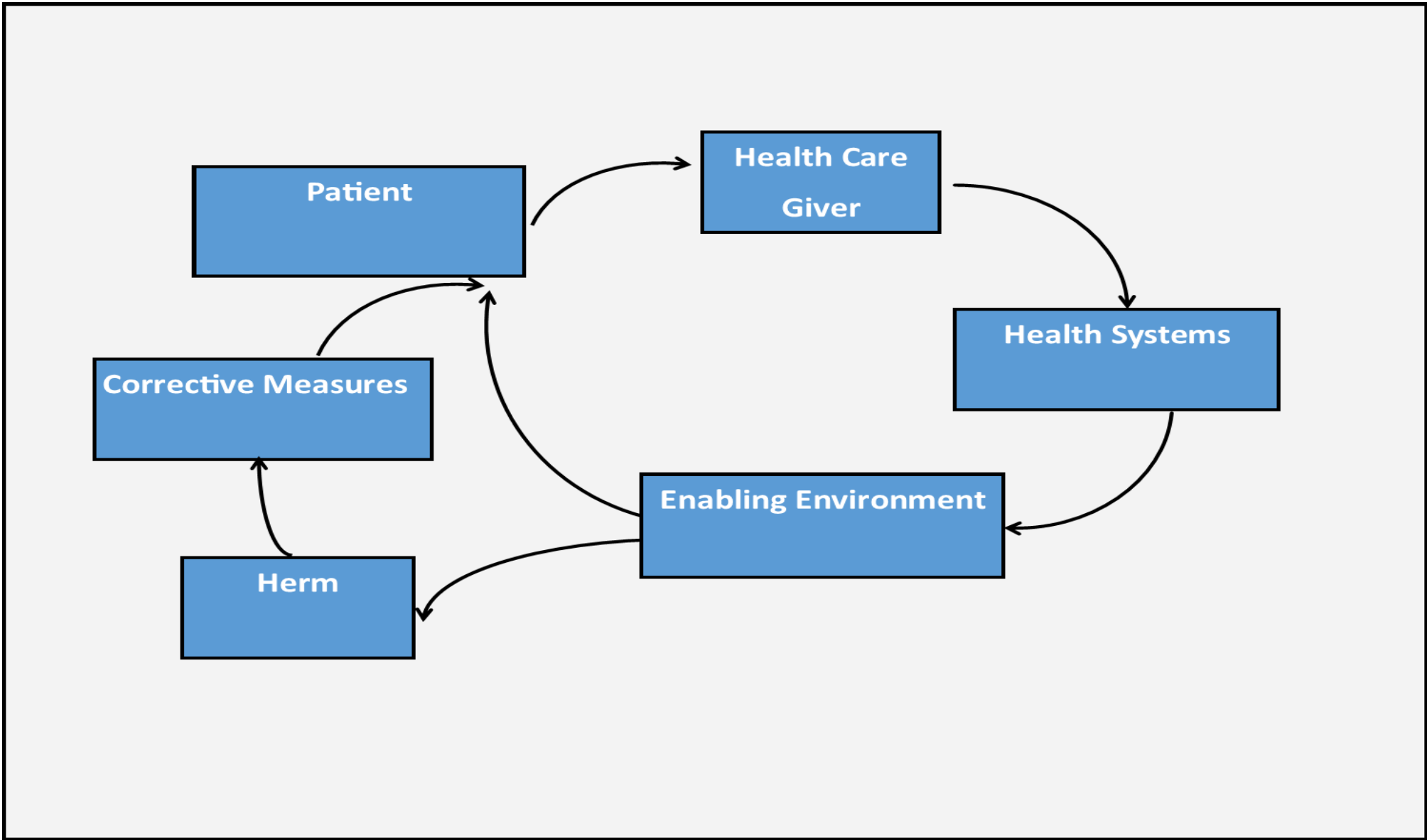
Quality Defined

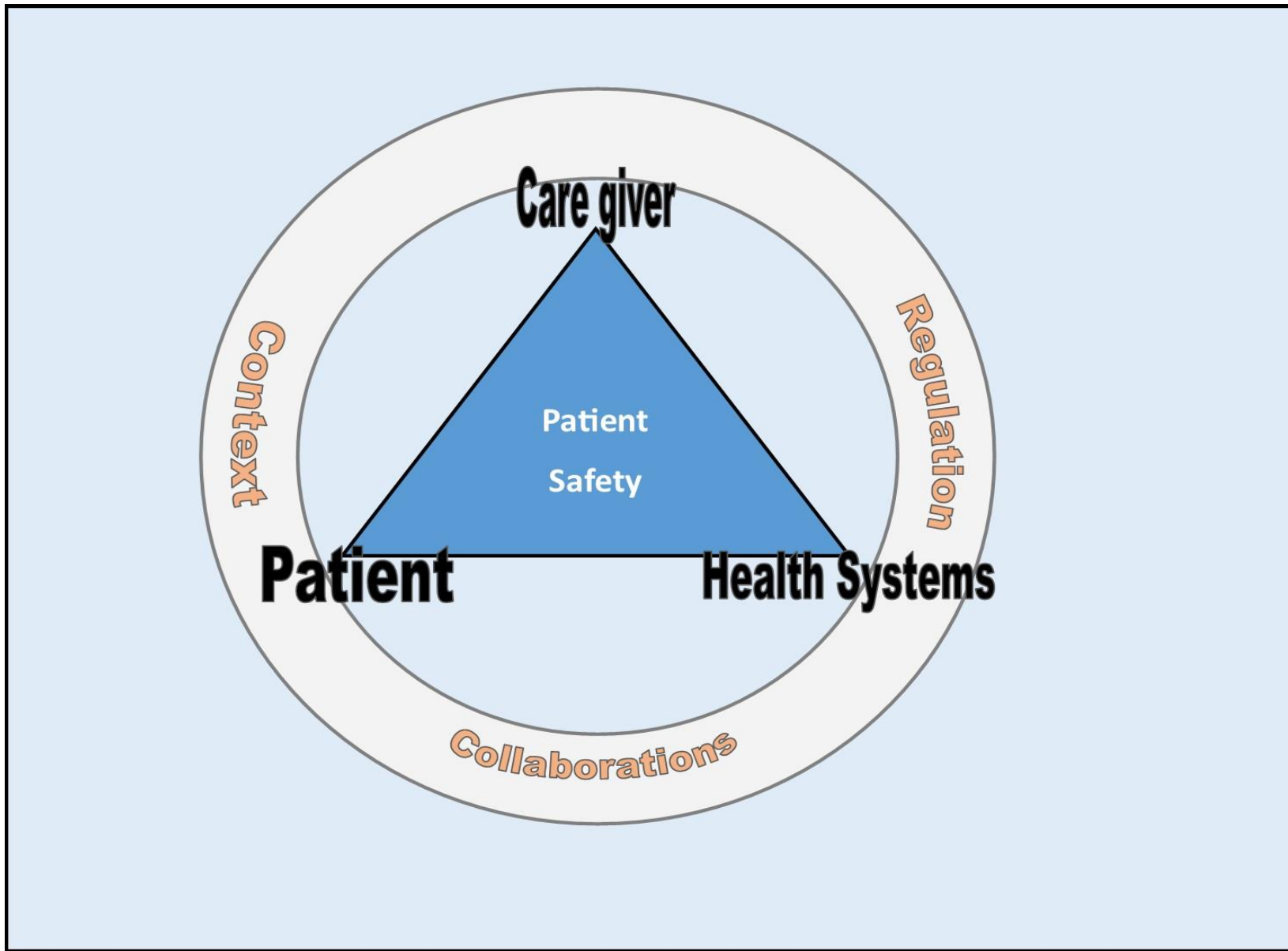
- Performance according to standards
- Doing the right thing right at the right time and all the time.

Has 10 Tenets:

- Client –centered
- Access
- Continuity
- SAFETY
- Competence

- Effectiveness
- Efficiency
- Equity
- Inter-personal relationship
- Choice





Patient safety as a discipline

- Patient safety is being recognized as an important medical discipline in its own right.
- Its importance arises as unsafe practices lead not only to harm to the individual patient, but has important effect on the health delivery system and financial burden
- It emphasizes safety in health care through prevention, reduction, reporting, and analysis of errors that often lead to adverse patient events
- Death due to **unsafe practice** is among the top ten causes of death in the world
- Need for DATA- collection, analysis



Definitions

- Medical Errors.

Are preventable errors in health care. It occurs when a health care provider chooses an inappropriate method of care, or inappropriately (not according to set standards) executes an appropriate method of care, or wrongly interprets signs and results(misdiagnosis)

- Adverse events:

Harmful effects resulting from an intervention

Definition (cont'd)

- Malpractice;
 - ✓ A dereliction of professional duty
 - ✓ Or providing care that does not meet proper standards.
 - ✓ Or a failure by one who has a professional duty of care, to exercise an ordinary degree of professional skill in rendering service, that results in injury loss or damage.

- Negligence

Occurs when a health care professional fails to take reasonable care or steps to prevent loss or injury to a patient

Health Systems

- “To provide the highest possible level of health services to All people of Uganda through delivery of promotive, preventive ,curative ,palliative and rehabilitative health services at all levels.”
- Public, private, and households
- Standards and guidelines
- Health systems are complex, with many moving parts and very prone to errors
- “It is not about bad people in health care, but good people working in a bad system that needs to be made safe”



Causes

Human

- Omission
- Commission
- Misdiagnosis
- Negligence
- Work overload
- Record keeping

System

- Referral
- Communication
- Health systems
- Technology



Actions to address Patient safety

Intervention

- Training and retraining
- Patient education and involvement
- Leadership
- Research
- Reporting
- Investigation

Intervention

- Monitoring
- SOP/ guidelines
- Quality improvement
- System redesign
- Licensure and Accreditation
- Teamwork and Collaboration



Steps to Patient safety

- Lead and support your staff
- Integrate risk management activities
- Check clinical performance
- Cultivate a culture of Safety
- Involve patients, relatives and the public
- Learn and share safety lessons
- Institute Hierarchy of control



Role of the patient

This is contained in Patients charter but need to emphasize

- Active involvement
- Helping to ensure their own safety
- Adhering to instructions
- Working with health workers
- Reporting safety issues when they happen

To do this they need to be empowered- patient education

Role of a regulator

This is spelt out in the Act governing each council and rotates around

- Setting and monitoring standards of training ,practice and ethics
- Ensuring compliance to standards
- Imposing penalties for non-compliance
- Protecting the public
- Dispute resolution
- Advising government



What are we currently doing about it?

Is it on our Agenda?

- Health units
- Communities
- As Regulators
- As Countries
- Global Action
- **WHO- Global Patient Safety Action Plan (2021-2030)**



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THANK YOU

